

Investment market update



Are things looking up for investors in the UK?

We ended 2018 in a funk. Investors were beginning to panic that the global economy was entering a period of sharp downturn, the US yield curve was close to inverting, the Chinese economy seemed to be in trouble, Europe was back in the doldrums and President Trump had engaged in a trade war with China and, at the same time, shut down a big chunk of the US government.

In the UK we were disappearing down the Brexit plug hole. The US Federal Reserve (Fed) had raised interest rates throughout 2018 in the face of a decelerating economy and many commentators felt a major policy error was underway. Recession fears abounded and shares were falling rapidly.

Since then, in an abrupt turnaround, risk assets have climbed sharply. To the time of writing, the S&P 500 Index, including dividends, has climbed by nearly 17%, and the FTSE All Share by nearly 13%. So, what has changed so much to drive this sudden resurgence in risk appetite? Even to the point that Larry Fink, CEO of BlackRock – the world’s largest asset manager with US\$6.5tn of assets under management – recently predicted that we would see a “melt-up” in equity markets this year (rather than a meltdown). This, even after the vibrant start we have already seen.

The good news for investment markets

The answer is that, one by one, the concerns the market had are being addressed:

- Interest rates – the Fed performed a rapid somersault and interest rates are now on hold, with the market now forecasting cuts instead of increases by the end of the year
- US government – reopened
- Chinese economy – seemingly stabilising after authorities put in place a raft of reflationary measures. The first quarter GDP numbers came in ahead of expectations
- US China trade war – negotiations are said to be making strong progress with an agreement likely in the coming months
- Brexit – in the UK, the EU has kindly helped Theresa May kick the Brexit can firmly down the road, with an uncontrolled exit from the EU now looking a distant prospect.

All this has allowed sentiment to improve and nerves to steady. At the same time, the underlying themes we see as long-term growth drivers remain in place. Whether this

“ Larry Fink, CEO of BlackRock recently predicted that we would see a “melt-up” in equity markets this year (rather than a meltdown). This, even after the vibrant start we have already seen. ”

is technology, healthcare, a recovery in corporate Japan or accelerating growth in India (where a general election looms), there is little to disturb the long-term stories these areas represent in our discretionary client portfolios.

So, after a quarter when all in the glass was half empty, we are in a place where everything is half full again. The question now is, where to from here?

Why investment markets are discounting the good news

Our view is that markets have now discounted much of the good news listed above – and from here will increasingly need to see evidence that the global ship is on an even keel before attempting to move higher again. With economic data confirming that there is no further deterioration in conditions – and some signs of improvement – it feels there is a firmer footing to where we stand today. However, valuations, which had become attractive at the end of last year, are no longer outright cheap, especially in the US.

At the same time, there are gradually growing pressures on company margins as payroll costs increase in the face of very low unemployment and widespread skills shortages, thereby exerting pressure on profits and earnings. This places those valuations at some risk in the coming months, in our opinion. It increasingly feels that we should yet again be dusting off the ‘sell in May and go away’ cliché – albeit, we still retain good exposure to equities in our discretionary client portfolios having pulled back from them slightly recently.

Increasing exposure to UK equities

Somewhat counter-intuitively, given the shambles that is Westminster, the one area where we are gently adding to exposure is the UK. We have been heavily underweight in our domestic market since immediately after the EU referendum, and the UK has underperformed the rest of the world by more than 17% since.

Even though the six-month extension to the UK’s EU departure may cause even more political turmoil, the risk of a chaotic exit is now significantly reduced – leaving a general election and, who knows, a Corbyn victory – the biggest downside risk to UK equities. This remains an unlikely outcome in our view, so we find it prudent to trim our large underweight, at least in part. There will be more opportunities to add further to UK equities in the future, but right now we feel the risks are somewhat more balanced and so we have moved slightly closer to neutral.

After all, valuations here in the UK remain low by historical standards, and a better than feared outcome to Brexit would likely see sterling appreciate sharply, even if uncertainty remains. It isn’t yet the time to go all in; if and when we actually feel bullish on the UK economy, then we can look to add further. In this situation we’re likely to increase exposure, particularly in the mid-sized and smaller segments of our market, where what happens in the UK itself matters most.

“ It increasingly feels that we should yet again be dusting off the ‘sell in May and go away’ cliché... ”

This article was written for you by Richard Champion, our Deputy Chief Investment Officer, UK.

Our investment views as at April 2019

The view in this table refers to our balanced, risk profile 5 model portfolio. This risk profile has a benchmark with 57.5% in equities, 35% in bonds, 5% in alternatives and 2.5% in cash.

Indicative positioning of £ 'balanced' portfolio.

Asset class positioning	--	-	=	+	++	Outlook
Alternatives						→ Viewed as a way of moderating portfolio risk at a time of high volatility in equity markets and rising bond yields.
Bonds (Govt)						↓ Yields in the UK and US have fallen, but the overall risk and return profile remains unattractive.
Bonds (Other)						→ Greater returns appear to be available for strategic bond managers, but the additional risks taken to achieve them need to be monitored.
Commodities						→ Bears watching due to weaker US dollar and reduced supply.
Convertible bonds						↑ Convertibles offer a good mix between the defensive characteristics of bonds, while retaining exposure to equity upside.
Equities						↑ Equity markets should continue to be supported by solid economic fundamentals, despite political uncertainty and recent turbulence.
Property (Direct)						→ Income, rather than capital growth, should be viewed as the primary reason for investment, given rising bond yields.
Cash						→ Cash levels have been increased slightly.

Equity allocation	--	-	=	+	++	Outlook
Emerging markets						↑ Emerging markets have outperformed since the end of October 2018, which is an encouraging sign. US dollar weakness will assist.
Europe						↓ Political and trade risks have risen at a time when economic growth has been lacklustre. Other regions have greater attractions.
Far East						↑ Valuations appear cheap; China and global trade are key to the region's outlook. Chinese debt levels and housing bubble are a concern.
Japan						↑ Stock market offers value and some sectors of corporate Japan are in good shape. Macro data slowly improving. Leveraged to world growth.
North America						→ Economic and earnings momentum remains superior to other developed regions.
Sector specific						↑ Healthcare and technology remain long-term themes. May consider further thematic opportunities.
UK						↓ Economic fundamentals are not compelling and political and Brexit concerns are pronounced. There will come a time to buy the market.

Currency allocation	--	-	=	+	++	Outlook
US dollar						↓ With the US Federal Reserve seemingly on pause for a while, the US dollar could evidence some weakness.
Euro						→ Upside could be capped by Brexit concerns and by any escalation of Italian debt concerns.
Sterling						→ Sterling's prospects remain heavily dependent upon the Brexit outcome and hence the outlook is binary.

'=' Weighting within 1% of benchmark. '+ / -' Weighting between 1% to 5% away from benchmark. '-- / +' Weighting in excess of 5% away from benchmark.

How can we help?

United Kingdom

T: +44 20 7523 4500

E: CGWM_UK@canaccord.com

Offices nationwide

Blackpool

Llandudno

Nottingham

London

Worcester

York

Lancaster

Norwich

Offices in the Crown Dependencies

Guernsey

T: +44 1481 733 900

Isle of Man

T: +44 1624 690 100

Jersey

T: +44 1534 708 090

E: CGWM_Offshore@canaccord.com

Important information

Investment involves risk. The value of investments and the income from them can go down as well as up and investors may not get back the amount originally invested. The investments described in this brochure may not be suitable for all investors. Investors should make their own investment decisions based upon their own financial objectives and financial resources and, if in any doubt, should seek advice from an investment adviser.

Where investment is made in currencies other than the investor's base currency, the value of those investments, and any income from them, will be affected by movements in exchange rates. This effect may be unfavourable as well as favourable.

This document is for information only and is not to be construed as a solicitation or an offer to purchase or sell investments or related financial instruments. This has no regard for the specific investment objectives, financial situation or needs of any specific investor. All opinions and estimates included in this document are subject to change without notice.

Canaccord Genuity Wealth Management (CGWM) is the trading name of Canaccord Genuity Financial Planning Limited (CGFPL), Canaccord Genuity Wealth Limited (CGWL) and Canaccord Genuity Wealth (International) Limited (CGWIL). They and McCarthy Taylor Limited (MCTL) are all wholly owned subsidiaries of Canaccord Genuity Group Inc.

CGFPL, CGWL and MCTL are authorised and regulated by the Financial Conduct Authority (registered numbers 154608, 194927 and 184658). CGFPL and CGWL have their registered office at 41 Lothbury, London, EC2R 7AE. MCTL has its registered office at 100 High Street, Evesham, Worcestershire, WR11 4EU. CGFPL, CGWL and MCTL are registered in England & Wales no. 02762351, 03739694 and 03489824. CGWIL is licensed and regulated by the Guernsey Financial Services Commission, the Isle of Man Financial Services Authority and the Jersey Financial Services Commission. CGWIL is registered in Guernsey no. 22761 and has its registered office at Trafalgar Court, Admiral Park, St. Peter Port, GY1 2JA. CGWL and CGWIL are members of the London Stock Exchange and CGWIL is also a member of The International Stock Exchange (TISE).

CGWM does not make any warranties, expressed or implied, that the products, securities or services mentioned are available in your jurisdiction. Accordingly, if it is prohibited to advertise or make the products, securities or services available in your jurisdiction, or to you (by reason of nationality, residence or otherwise) then such products, securities or services are not directed at you.

The products and services offered by CGWM in the UK may differ from those offered by other Canaccord Genuity Group Inc. offices.

canaccordgenuity.com

cg/Canaccord
Genuity
Wealth Management